

ਬਾਬਾ ਫਰੀਦ ਯੂਨੀਵਰਸਿਟੀ ਆਫ਼ ਹੈਲਥ ਸਾਇੰਸਜ਼, ਫਰੀਦਕੋਟ

03-ਬੀ.ਐਫ਼.ਯੂ.ਐਚ.ਐਸ/2023/497

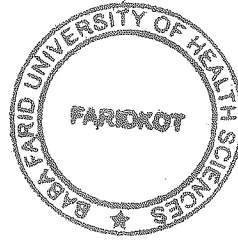
ਮਿਤੀ 02/07/2023

ਪਬਲਿਕ ਨੋਟਿਸ

ਬਾਬਾ ਫਰੀਦ ਯੂਨੀਵਰਸਿਟੀ ਆਫ਼ ਹੈਲਥ ਸਾਇੰਸਜ਼, ਫਰੀਦਕੋਟ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਪੋਸਟ ਬੇਸਿਕ ਬੀ.ਐਸ.ਸੀ ਨਰਸਿੰਗ (Post Basic B.Sc Nursing-2023) ਦੇ ਦਾਖਲਿਆ ਲਈ ਮਿਤੀ 02/07/2023 ਦਿਨ ਐਤਵਾਰ ਨੂੰ ਪ੍ਰਵੇਸ਼ ਪ੍ਰੀਖਿਆ ਫਰੀਦਕੋਟ ਵਿਖੇ ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ ਪ੍ਰੀਖਿਆ ਕੇਂਦਰ ਬਣਾ ਕੇ ਕਰਵਾਈ ਗਈ ਸੀ। ਇਸ ਪੇਪਰ ਦੀ Answer Key/Question Booklet ਯੂਨੀਵਰਸਿਟੀ ਦੀ ਵੈਬ-ਸਾਈਟ www.bfuhs.ac.in ਤੇ ਅਪਲੋਡ ਕਰ ਦਿੱਤੀ ਗਈ ਹੈ। ਜੇਕਰ ਕਿਸੇ ਉਮੀਦਵਾਰ ਨੂੰ Answer Key ਸਬੰਧੀ ਕੋਈ ਇਤਰਾਜ਼ ਹੈ ਤਾਂ ਉਹ ਉਮੀਦਵਾਰ ਦਸਤੀ (by hand) ਜਾਂ email id <objectionspbbnet2023bfuhs@gmail.com> ਤੇ ਆਪਣਾ ਇਤਰਾਜ਼ ਦਾਖਲਾ ਸ਼ਾਖਾ, ਕਮਰਾ ਨੰਬਰ-103, ਬਾਬਾ ਫਰੀਦ ਯੂਨੀਵਰਸਿਟੀ ਆਫ਼ ਹੈਲਥ ਸਾਇੰਸਜ਼, ਫਰੀਦਕੋਟ ਵਿਖੇ ਮਿਤੀ 04/07/2023 (5.00PM) ਤੱਕ ਜਮਾਂ ਕਰਵਾ ਸਕਦੇ ਹਨ। ਇਸ Email id ਤੇ ਇਲਾਵਾ ਕਿਸੇ ਹੋਰ email id ਤੇ ਕੀਤਾ ਗਿਆ ਇਤਰਾਜ਼ ਵਿਚਾਰਿਆ ਨਹੀਂ ਜਾਵੇਗਾ।

ਉਪਰੋਕਤ ਦਿੱਤੇ ਗਏ ਸਮੇਂ ਤੋਂ ਬਾਅਦ ਵਿੱਚ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਹੋਏ ਇਤਰਾਜ਼ ਵਿਚਾਰੇ ਨਹੀਂ ਜਾਣਗੇ ਅਤੇ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਹੋਏ ਇਤਰਾਜ਼ਾਂ ਦਾ ਨਿਪਟਾਰਾ ਕਰਨ ਤੋਂ ਬਾਅਦ ਉਪਰੋਕਤ ਪ੍ਰੀਖਿਆ ਦਾ ਨਤੀਜਾ ਘੋਸ਼ਿਤ ਕੀਤਾ ਜਾਵੇਗਾ।

ਨੋਟ: ਡਾਕ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਹੋਏ ਇਤਰਾਜ਼ ਪ੍ਰਵਾਨ ਨਹੀਂ ਕੀਤੇ ਜਾਣਗੇ।



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ਰਜਿਸਟਰਾਰ

ANSWER KEY PPBNET-2023
KEY (PB-2023)

BFUHS

1	a		51	c
2	c		52	a
3	d		53	b
4	d		54	c
5	d		55	c
6	a		56	b
7	b		57	b
8	b		58	c
9	b		59	d
10	b		60	c
11	d		61	b
12	a		62	c
13	c		63	b
14	a		64	c
15	b		65	b
16	c		66	a
17	b		67	d
18	c		68	a
19	a		69	a
20	c		70	c
21	a		71	a
22	b		72	b
23	c		73	c
24	a		74	b
25	b		75	d
26	a		76	a
27	c		77	a
28	c		78	a
29	d		79	a
30	d		80	a
31	c		81	a
32	d		82	a
33	c		83	c
34	b		84	a
35	b		85	c
36	c		86	b
37	c		87	c
38	b		88	b
39	a		89	a
40	d		90	c
41	d		91	d
42	b		92	c
43	a		93	a
44	b		94	c
45	c		95	d
46	c		96	a
47	a		97	d
48	a		98	a
49	a		99	a
50	b		100	c

BABA FARID UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES, FARIDKOT

POST BASIC BSC. NURSING (PPBNET)-2023

QUESTION BOOKLET NO

[REDACTED]					
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OMR ANSWER SHEET NO

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ROLL NO:

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FULL SIGNATURE OF INVIGILATOR

THUMB IMPRESSION OF THE CANDIDATE

FULL SIGNATURE OF THE CANDIDATE

FULL SIGNATURE OBSERVER

Time Allowed: 2.00 Hours (11.00 AM to 1.00 PM)

Maximum Marks: 100

1. Use BLACK FINE TIP BALL PEN only. Use of pencil is not allowed.
2. Write your Roll number on the OMR answer-sheet and also on the question-booklet only in the space provided for the purpose and at no other place in the question booklets and Answer-sheet
3. Enter the Question Booklet Set and Number on the OMR Answer-sheet and also darken the corresponding bubbles with BLACK FINE TIP BALL PEN.
4. Do not put any marks anywhere in the Question booklet /on the OMR Answer-sheet.
5. **There are 100 objective type questions in all of 1 Mark each.** Before attempting the questions, check that the Question-booklet is complete. In case any question/part of question or page is missing, inform the Centre Superintendent within 5 minutes of the start of the examination. After that no claim will be entertained.
6. **Each question is followed by four alternative responses listed as A), B), C) and D) out of which only one is correct / most correct. In case, all the ovals are left blank, there will be deduction of marks @ 0.25 mark for each such unattempted question. Fifth oval 'E' (introduced for security purpose) is to be darkened in case you do not want to attempt the question to avoid negative marking.**
7. To open the question booklet, remove the seal gently when asked to do so. Handover the OMR Answer-sheet to the officer on duty on the completion of the time before you leave the examination hall.
8. **The candidates are permitted to carry his/her question booklet after completion of the examination but OMR Sheets are compulsory required to be deposited with the invigilator.**
9. A candidate who create disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibility of any assistance to him/her or unfair means will be expelled from the examination by the Centre superintendent/Observer, whose decision shall be final. ("Expulsion" for this purpose would mean cancellation of the entire examination of the candidate).
10. **THE CANDIDATES ARE NOT PERMITTED TO CARRY ANY TELECOMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT SUCH AS WATCH, CELLULAR PHONE, WIRELESS SET, SCANNER ETC. INSIDE THE EXAMINATION HALL.**
11. For rough work, use only the blank space of the Question booklet.
12. The candidates will not be allowed to leave the examination hall during the examination.
13. Borrowing any material is not allowed.
14. The answer-sheet is designed for Computer evaluation. If the instructions are not followed properly, the candidate alone shall be responsible for the resultant loss.
15. Smoking/Refreshment shall not be allowed in the Entrance Test Centre/Hall.
16. Male candidates shall affix their Left Thumb Impression (LTI) while Female candidates shall affix Right Thumb Impression (RTI) at the prescribed place on the OMR answer sheet, Question Booklet and attendance sheet. The Centre superintendent shall also obtain and retain it for record.
17. The candidate must fill both the question booklet number and OMR answer sheet number on the attendance sheet.
18. No candidate shall be allowed to leave the centre before **1.00 PM**.

1. Which of the followings is correct for human heart?
 - a. 4 chambered
 - b. 3 chambered
 - c. 2 chambered
 - d. 5 chambered
2. A patient is in fourth stage of labor, which assessment the nurse should make?
 - a. Fetal heart rate, fetal position, and station
 - b. Dilation, effacement, and station
 - c. Fundal location, lochia and perineum
 - d. Placental separation, fundal location, and uterine tone
3. An 18 month old child has intermittent vomiting. What should the mother be instructed about the positioning of the child during sleep time?
 - a. Supine position
 - b. Prone with head elevated
 - c. Prone with face turned to the side
 - d. Side-lying position
4. The doctor orders an IV to infuse at 35 ml/hr; a pediatric microdrip chamber is hanging. How many drops per minute should the nurse regulate the IV to infuse?
 - a. 5-6
 - b. 7-8
 - c. 9-10
 - d. 35
5. A patient with a diagnosis of deep vein thrombosis (DVT) suddenly complains of chest pain aggravated by breathing, and shortness of breath and is visibly diaphoretic & anxious. These signs and symptoms are of
 - a. Myocardial infarction
 - b. Pneumonia
 - c. Pulmonary edema
 - d. Pulmonary embolism
6. Communication ties people to their:
 - a. Social surroundings
 - b. Physical surroundings
 - c. Materialistic surroundings
 - d. Environmental surroundings
7. In assessing a woman's reasons for suspecting she may be 3 months pregnant, the most relevant question for the nurse to ask would be:
 - a. Are you currently taking oral contraceptives?
 - b. When was your last menstrual period?
 - c. How much weight have you gained?
 - d. Have you been pregnant before?
8. Which of the followings is correct for explaining dyspnea?
 - a. Increased rate and depth of respiration
 - b. Increased awareness of respiratory effort
 - c. Decreased alveolar ventilation

- d. Decreased oxygen saturation of venous blood
9. Anti Diuretic Hormone (ADH) acts on:
- a. Glomerulus
 - b. Renal tubules
 - c. Both a and b
 - d. None of above
10. In two yrs. old child with the diagnosis of bacterial meningitis, which of the following sign/symptoms of meningeal irritation should be observed?
- a. Generalized seizures
 - b. Kernig's sign
 - c. Plantar reflex
 - d. Babinski reflex
11. Which of the following are goals of vaccination?
- a. Prevent infection
 - b. Prevent disease
 - c. Prevent transmission
 - d. All of the above
12. Which information will be accurate for umbilical cord care?
- a. Separation of umbilical cord usually happens within first two weeks of life
 - b. A sterile dressing is recommended for umbilical stump
 - c. Applying antibiotic ointment several times a day helps the umbilical cord to separate
 - d. It is necessary to apply betadine solution to the umbilical stump after each diaper change
13. What will be the scores on glassgow come scale in a child who cries, withdraws from painful stimuli, and opens the eyes to pain?
- a. 3
 - b. 6
 - c. 9
 - d. 12
14. A colostomy begins to function:
- a. 2-3 days post-operatively
 - b. 1 wk post-operatively
 - c. 2 wk post-operatively
 - d. Immediately
15. While suctioning a patient through endotracheal tube, the cardiac irregularities on the cardiac monitor appear, Which would be the most appropriate action?
- a. Ensure that the suction be limited to 15 seconds
 - b. Stop the procedure and re-oxygenate the patient
 - c. Notify the physician immediately
 - d. Continue to suction
16. The nurse prepares to administer meperidine (Demerol) intramuscularly to an adult patient by selecting which of the following Gauze needles?
- a. 16 gauze
 - b. 18 gauze
 - c. 23 gauze
 - d. 26 gauze

17. The nurse knows that the function of the gallbladder is to:
- Synthesize and manufacture bile.
 - Collect, concentrate, and store bile.
 - Collect and dilute bile.
 - Regulate bile flow into the duodenum.
18. Most reliable method of measuring body temperature is:
- Oral
 - Axillary
 - Rectal
 - Elbow
19. Immunity means:
- Disease resistance capacity
 - Disease producing capacity
 - Treatment of disease
 - None
20. In following which order of movements occur during labor:
- Engagement → flexion → internal rotation → descent
 - Engagement → internal rotation → restitution → crowning
 - Engagement → descent → flexion → internal rotation
 - Engagement → restitution → flexion → internal rotation
21. Which of these observations would be considered characteristics of a normal newborn?
- Random, jerky, uneven movements of the eyes
 - A high pitched shrill cry
 - Bulging fontanels
 - A lethargic posture during a bath
22. The biggest single determinant of HIV transmission to the infant is:
- Mother's age
 - Mother's viral load
 - Mother's immune status
 - Infant's CD4+ level
23. An appropriate goal for a patient with anxiety would be to?
- Ventilate her feelings to the nurse
 - Establish contact with reality
 - Learn self-help techniques for reducing anxiety
 - Become desensitized to past trauma
24. A patient is experiencing a high level of occupational stress and has a history of migraine headaches. Which nursing diagnosis takes priority?
- Anxiety.
 - Activity intolerance.
 - Ineffective role performance.
 - Pain.
25. The best way to prevent a transfusion reaction when administering packed red blood cells to a patient is to-
- Run the blood slowly for the first 15 minutes

- b. Verify the patient, unit and donor numbers, type of blood product, and expiry date before hanging the blood
 - c. Use y tubing to administer the blood
 - d. Monitor vital signs frequently while blood is infusing
26. Which of the followings is the priority for the nurse to monitor in a child who has had hypospadias surgery?
- a. Urethral fistula
 - b. Urinary tract infections
 - c. Dysuria
 - d. Bladder spasms
27. If bile flow into the duodenum is obstructed, absorption of fat-soluble vitamins is reduced. Which complication would the nurse therefore observe?
- a. Peripheral neuritis
 - b. Scurvy
 - c. Increased bleeding tendencies
 - d. Macrocytic anemia
28. The nurse can increase the ventilatory efficiency of a patient with COPD by positioning the patient as follows:
- a. High fowler's
 - b. Prone
 - c. Sitting up and leaning slightly forward
 - d. Trendelenburg
29. A nursing student while providing health education to a patient tells the primary purpose of pursed lip breathing is to
- a. Promote oxygen intake
 - b. Strengthen the diaphragm
 - c. Strengthen the intercostal muscles
 - d. Promote carbon dioxide elimination
30. The doctor orders states tab glipizide 5000mcg daily. On hand the nurse has glipizide 2.5 mg tablets. How many tablets will the nurse administer?
- a. 1 tablet
 - b. 2.5 tablets
 - c. 0.2 tablets
 - d. 2 tablets
31. which of the following drugs is questionable for use in a patient who has glaucoma?
- a. Acetazolamide (Diamox)
 - b. Pilocarpine
 - c. Atropine Sulphate
 - d. Mannitol
32. The determining factor in the revision of a nursing care plan is the:
- a. Time available for care
 - b. Validity of diagnoses
 - c. Method for providing care
 - d. Effectiveness of the interventions

33. A patient has above knee amputation on the left side. While being repositioned onto the abdomen, the patient cannot turn because the "left foot is causing too much pain". The first response by the nurse should be:
- To insist the patient lie on the abdomen
 - To overlook the statement of the patient and state that the nurse will return later
 - To discuss the principle of phantom pain after amputation
 - To offer some form of pain control
34. The science that studies the distribution, occurrence, and control of health and disease in a defined population is called
- Bioinformatics
 - Epidemiology
 - Immunology
 - Clinical laboratory science
35. Mumps affect:
- Submaxillary glands
 - Parotid glands
 - Gastric glands
 - Intestinal glands
36. The national agency for developing and carrying out disease prevention and control is called the
- Department of Homeland Security
 - National Institutes of Health
 - Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
 - World Health Organization
37. An increase in disease occurrence within a large population over a very wide region is called
- An outbreak
 - An epidemic
 - A pandemic
 - A sporadic disease
38. The science of protecting populations and improving the health of human communities through education is called
- Epidemiology
 - Public health
 - Preventive medicine
 - Sociology
39. In which type of cell division chromosome number remains the same:
- Mitosis
 - Prophase
 - Meiosis
 - Halo phase
40. A patient with no history of cardiovascular disease suddenly complains of chest pain. Which of the following data from the patient would help the nurse to discriminate the pain due to non-cardiac problem?
- rating pain on a scale of 1-10 with 10 being the worst
 - Previous history of chest pain
 - intensity of the pain
 - worsening of pain with inspiration

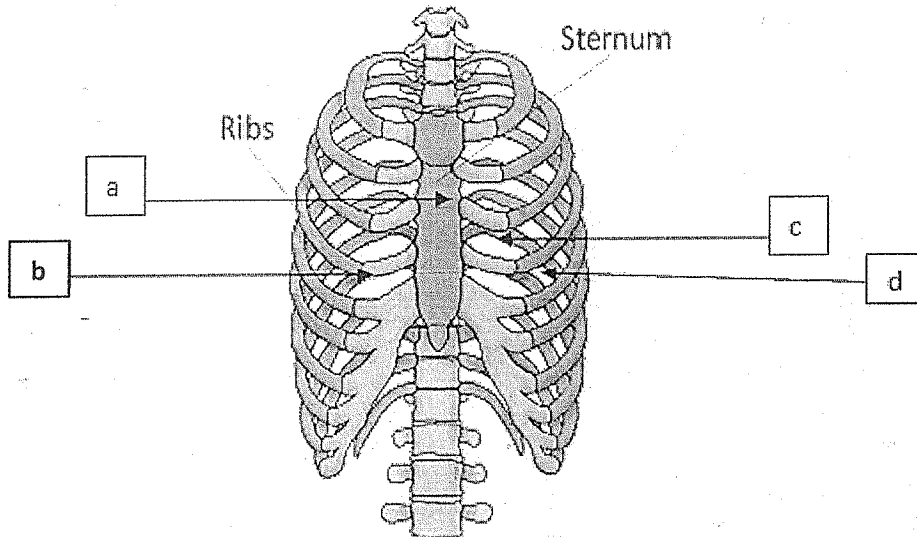
41. Which of the following does bacteria need to assist it to grow and multiply?
- Water.
 - Food.
 - Warm temperatures.
 - All the above.
42. Nursing preparations for a gastroscopy procedure include:
- Holding the patient NPO for 24 hours before the procedure.
 - Having an operative or procedure consent form signed.
 - Reassuring the patient that gastroscopy is not an uncomfortable procedure, though he or she will need to lie quietly.
 - Removing dentures and administering pain medication before the procedure.
43. The physician orders 1L dextrose 5% in half normal saline solution to infuse at 125ml/hr. The drip factor of the available I.V. tubing is 15drops /ml. What will be the drip rate in drops/mt?
- 31
 - 20.9
 - 21
 - 32.09
44. The nurse notes decrease in fetal heart rate that coincide with the patient's contractions. What term will be used to document this finding?
- Late decelerations
 - Early deceleration
 - descent
 - presentation
45. Diabetes insipidus occurs due to deficiency of:
- Growth hormone
 - Insulin
 - ADH
 - Thyroxine
46. Catgut is:
- Synthetic absorbable suture
 - Synthetic non-absorbable suture
 - Natural absorbable suture
 - Natural non-absorbable suture
47. Iron deficiency anemia is best described as:
- Hypochromic microcytic.
 - Hyperchromic macrocytic.
 - Hyperchromic microcytic.
 - Hypochromic macrocytic.
48. In community, a person complaining of severe indigestion while walking in the hall, grabs his chest and falls to the floor. The first assessment to make would be to determine:
- Unresponsiveness.
 - Breathing pattern.
 - Blood pressure.
 - Presence of a pulse.
49. Enzymes are which of the following?

- a. Proteins
 - b. Lipids
 - c. Carbohydrates
 - d. All of these
50. Which one of the followings are multinucleated?
- a. Involuntary muscles
 - b. Voluntary muscles
 - c. Cardiac muscles
 - d. none of the above
51. The prevalence of disease depends upon
- a. The incidence rate
 - b. The duration of the illness
 - c. Both the incidence rate and the duration of the illness
 - d. Neither the incidence rate nor the duration of the illness
52. The primary function of the Citric Acid Cycle is to:
- a. Facilitate aerobic cellular energy production
 - b. Oxidize cellular toxins
 - c. Produce anaerobic energy by fermentation
 - d. Synthesize vitamin D
53. An infectious disease that can be transmitted from person to person is known as a
- a. Systemic infection
 - b. Communicable disease
 - c. Transferable disease
 - d. Environmental disease
54. Nosocomial infections are usually caused by
- a. Fungi
 - b. Protists
 - c. Bacteria
 - d. Viruses
55. Infections resulting from pathogens acquired by patients while in a hospital or nursing facility are known as
- a. Social infections
 - b. Community infections
 - c. Nosocomial infections
 - d. Vector-borne infections
56. Which of the following cell organelles is absent in animal cells and present in a plant cell?
- a. Cytoplasm
 - b. Cell wall
 - c. Vacuoles
 - d. none of the above
57. Which of the following practices limits the spread of nosocomial infections?
- a. Quarantining all patients with infectious disease
 - b. Practicing proper hand-washing procedures
 - c. Prescribing prophylactic antibiotics to all patients
 - d. All of the above

58. Which part of the neurone receives information?
- The axon
 - The myelin sheath
 - The dendrite
 - The Node of Ranvier
59. For unstable angina, the nurse administers a beta blocker because of which of the following actions?
- To increase myocardial contractility.
 - Coronary artery vasodilation
 - To promote cardiovascular fluid shift.
 - To decrease heart rate
60. A newly admitted patient is diagnosed with posttraumatic stress disorder. Which behavioral symptom would the nurse expect to assess?
- Detachment or estrangement from others.
 - Intense fear, helplessness, and horror.
 - Diminished participation in significant activities.
 - Recurrent, distressing flashbacks.
61. The key factor responsible for the rise in drug-resistant pathogens is
- Use of synthetic antibiotics
 - Excessive or inappropriate use of antimicrobial therapy
 - General decline in sanitation
 - All of the above
62. A patient diagnosed with schizophrenia is experiencing anhedonia. Which nursing diagnosis addresses concerns regarding this patient's problem?
- Disturbed sensory perception.
 - Disturbed thought processes.
 - Risk for suicide.
 - Impaired verbal communication
63. The hypoglycemia in the newborn of a diabetic mother is related to?
- Reduced glycogen reserves
 - Disruption of fetal glucose supply
 - Maternal insulin dependency
 - Pancreatic insufficiency
64. To which patient administering lithium (Eskalith), an antimanic medication is questionable?
- The 30-year-old patient with a urine output of 40 mL/hour.
 - The 23-year-old patient taking an antidepressant medication.
 - The 42-year-old patient taking a loop diuretic.
 - The 54-year-old patient on a 4-g sodium diet.
65. Which of the followings attempts to induce antibodies and activate T cells to protect a host from future infection
- Antimicrobial therapy
 - Vaccination
 - Social distancing
 - Epidemiological surveillance
66. A failure in professional duty, practice or skill that leads to injury or harm to the patient is termed as:

- a. Malpractice
 - b. Negligence
 - c. Crime
 - d. Misunderstanding
67. A breastfeeding woman has been diagnosed with retained placental fragments 4 days postdelivery. Which of the following breastfeeding complications would the nurse expect to see?
- a. Blocked milk duct.
 - b. Engorgement.
 - c. Mastitis.
 - d. Low milk supply.
68. Which of the following statements is true about the cell wall?
- a. The cell wall is mainly composed of cellulose
 - b. The cell wall is mainly composed of proteins
 - c. The cell wall is mainly composed of lipids
 - d. none of the above
69. Which sign/symptom should the nurse expect to assess in the patient diagnosed with hemophilia A?
- a. Epistaxis.
 - b. Petechiae.
 - c. Intermittent claudication.
 - d. Subcutaneous emphysema.
70. While palpating the uterine fundus of a mother who delivered a baby 8 hours ago. At what level in the abdomen would the nurse feel the fundus?
- a. At the symphysis pubis
 - b. Between the umbilicus and symphysis pubis
 - c. At the level of umbilicus
 - d. Above the umbilicus
71. The patient admitted in emergency diagnosed with appendicitis is experiencing severe pain. The nurse should teach the patient to avoid –
- a. Lying supine
 - b. Leaning forward
 - c. Sitting up
 - d. Flexing legs
72. ATP is synthesized from ADP by which process?
- a. Dehydration synthesis
 - b. Oxidative phosphorylation
 - c. Protein catabolism
 - d. Beta oxidation
73. An infected person is less likely to encounter a susceptible person when a large proportion of the members of the group are immune. Select that apply.
- a. Active immunity
 - b. Passive immunity
 - c. Herd immunity
 - d. Specific immunity

74. In the majority of jurisdictions, informed consent is based on which of the following?
- what the reasonable physician would consider necessary to tell the patient.
 - what the reasonable patient would want to know.
 - what a standardized chart determines the patient should be told based on the diagnosis.
 - All of the above.
75. In 28 months old child, identify the area where the nurse should assess he apical impulse.



Select and encircle the correct answer

- a
- b
- c
- d

76. The hormonal regulation of cardiac output is mediated by which of the following?
- mediated by the adrenal medulla
 - mediated by thyroid
 - mediated by adrenal cortex
 - none of the above
77. Which antibodies are found in the plasma of a person with type A blood?
- anti-B,
 - anti-A,
 - neither-A, nor -B
 - none of the above
78. A patient has been placed on spinal precautions. The first priority in caring for this patient is:
- assisting with logrolling the patient
 - Giving corticosteroids

- c. Keeping the head of the bed elevated 30-60 degrees
 - d. Assessing the extremities for numbness or weaknesses four times a day
79. In calculating the gestational age of a fetus, the nurse student should start from:
- a. The first day of last menstrual period
 - b. The day of conception
 - c. The last day of the last menstrual period
 - d. The day of ovulation
80. While assessing patient who has just had a chest tube placed, the fluctuations in the water seal chamber indicates which of the followings?
- a. Expected fluid movement with respiration
 - b. An air leak
 - c. Presence of subcutaneous emphysema
 - d. Appropriate suction level
81. Which of the following stool characteristics does the nurse expect to note in Crohn's disease?
- a. Non-bloody diarrhea
 - b. Constipation altering with diarrhea
 - c. Bloody diarrhea
 - d. Stools constantly oozing from the rectum
82. In a patient, who has a chest tube, the the tubing is kinked between the bed rails. This places the patient at increased risk for which of the followings?
- a. Tension pneumothorax
 - b. Air leak
 - c. Hemorrhage
 - d. Cardiac tamponade
83. Which doctor's orders are questionable?
- a. Amitriptyline for a patient with chronic back pain
 - b. Enoxaparin for a patient with total hip replacement
 - c. Propranolol for a patient with COPD
 - d. Lovastatin for a patient with hypercholesterolemia
84. The physician prescribes lithium carbonate. Before initiating the prescription, it is most important for the nurse to check:
- a. Renal function test
 - b. History of alcohol use
 - c. liver function test
 - d. The patient's diet
85. What is primary nursing concern when initially caring for a patient with second and third degree burns on both arms?
- a. Administering parenteral antibiotics
 - b. range of motion excercises
 - c. Maintaining patent IV
 - d. Pain management
86. The assessment for the function of the third cranial nerve would be performed by:
- a. Touching the patient's cheeks with a piece of cotton
 - b. Moving a pen light from the side , toward the patient's pupils

- c. Asking the patient to stick out the tongue
 - d. Asking the patient to identify the color of peppermints with eyes closed
87. To establish effective communication with the patient with complete vision loss, which of the followings is correct?
- a. speak loudly, directly into the patient's ears
 - b. speak very softly
 - c. speak directly in front of the patient
 - d. speak with a smile
88. What breathing technique would be helpful to teach a patient with COPD?
- a. inhale deeply through the mouth
 - b. exhale through pursed lip
 - c. exhale approximately one third as long as inhaling
 - d. use the neck and upper chest muscles to improve chest wall expansion
89. A patient is to receive first electroconvulsive therapy treatment. The nurse would be correct in explaining to the family that they should:
- a. expect to see confusions initially after the treatment
 - b. not tell the patient the number of treatments needed
 - c. wait until the patient is in contact with reality before having a conversation
 - d. see the patient's mood improve after 6 treatments
90. A 30 yr old patient is admitted to a psychiatric unit for severe depression and is started on antidepressant medication. Which information should be communicated immediately to the physician?
- a. urine screen test positive for benzodiazepines
 - b. history for sexual abuse
 - c. elevated thyroid stimulating hormone
 - d. visit of a family member while intoxicated
91. A patient is started receiving TPN via a central venous catheter. Which action is best to prevent hyper or hypo glycemia.
- a. Add 1000 units of NPH insulin to the first container only of TPN solution
 - b. check the patient's fingerstick blood glucose once a day
 - c. teach the patient to monitor and adjust the TPN flow rate as needed
 - d. Maintain the TPN at ordered rate, neither slow it nor speed it up.
92. Paralytic ileus is described as:
- a. Edema of the intestinal mucosa.
 - b. Acute dilation of the colon.
 - c. Absent, diminished, or uncoordinated autonomic stimulation of peristalsis.
 - d. High, tinkling bowel sounds over the area of obstruction.
93. Fluid intake for patients suffering from dumping syndrome should be:
- a. Between meals
 - b. Only with meals.
 - c. Any time they want
 - d. Restricted to 1200 ml/day
94. In a patient with head injury in a road side accident, the bloody drainage from auditory canal is noted Which of the following actions would be the most appropriate?

- a. Recording the findings
 - b. Placing a gauze over the ear to absorb the drainage
 - c. Immediately Report the findings
 - d. Continue to monitor the drainage
95. A child diagnosed with autism, which of the following is the primary characteristic of autism?
- a. Normal social play
 - b. Normal but abnormal nonverbal communication
 - c. Consistent imitation of others' actions
 - d. Lack of social interaction and awareness
96. A relative of a 67 years old patient with the diagnosis of depression taking imipramine for 3 days asks why the patient does not look better? The most accurate response would be
- a. It takes 2-4 weeks before the full therapeutic effects are experienced
 - b. The patient may need an increase in dosage
 - c. A different antidepressant may be necessary
 - d. It can take 6 weeks to see if the medication will help the patient
97. Which acid-base imbalance the most likely occur in chronic obstructive pulmonary disease?
- a. Respiratory alkalosis
 - b. Metabolic alkalosis
 - c. Metabolic acidosis
 - d. Respiratory acidosis
98. In emergency room, a patient admitted with blunt injury to chest wall would show which of the signs indicative of pneumothorax?
- a. Diminished breath sounds
 - b. A sucking sound at the site of injury
 - c. A low respiratory rate
 - d. The presence of barrel chest
99. Data collection about everyone or everything in group or population and has the advantage of accuracy and detail:
- a. Census
 - b. Survey
 - c. Probability sampling
 - d. Cluster sampling
100. The patient while taking diphenhydramine HCL (Benadryl), which has been prescribed as cough suppressant, should be instructed for which of the followings?
- a. To drive or operate a car
 - b. To administer on an empty stomach
 - c. Avoid alcohol
 - d. Avoid use of oral rinses