MS[Anatomy]

BF/2023/12

Anatomy as applied to various clinical disciplines including Radiological & forensic anatomy [Paper-I]

Time: 3 Hours M.M.: 100 Note: Attempt all questions. All questions carry equal marks. NO SUPPLEMENTARY SHEET SHALL BE ALLOWED/PROVIDED The student must write Q.P. Code in the space provided on the Title page of the Answer Book. Illustrate your answer with suitable diagrams. 1. Describe the movements of thumb and mention the muscles involved in these movements. [10] 2. Discuss the anatomical basis of common skin incisions in surgical procedures. [10] 3. Describe the applied anatomy of cervical fascia. [10] 4. Describe the formation, course, tributaries and termination of coronary sinus. [10] 5. Describe the gross and applied anatomy of inguinal canal. [10] 6. Explain the forensic importance of lungs. [10] 7. Discuss the lymphatic drainage of lower limb along with its applied aspect. [10] 8. What is the anatomical route taken for carotid angiography? [10] 9. Describe the location, topographical and functional connections of OTIC ganglion. [10] 10. Write a short note on umbilicus. [10]

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Gross human Anatomy including comparative Anatomy

[Paper-II]

Time: 3 Hours		M.M.: 100
Note:	Attempt all questions. All questions carry equal marks. NO SUPPLEMENTARY SHEET SHALL BE ALLOWED/PR The student must write Q.P. Code in the space provided on the T the Answer Book. Illustrate your answer with suitable diagrams.	
1.	Describe the types of diaphragmatic hernia.	[10]
2.	Describe the boundaries, contents and applied aspect of adductor canal. [10]	
3.	Compare the human hand with the primates.	[10]
4.	Describe the location, relations distribution of sphenopalatine ganglion. [10]	
5.	Describe the origin, course and distribution of extracranial counerve.	
6.	Describe the origin, course, distribution and applied aspect of lartery.	left coronary [10]
7.	Describe the stability factors of lateral longitudinal arch of foot.	[10]
8.	Describe the deep cervical fascia in detail.	[10]
9.	Describe in detail the abduction at shoulder joint.	[10]
10.	Discuss the location, relations and clinical aspect of prostate gland	1. [10]

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Developmental & Microanatomy including elementary genetics [Paper-III]

Time: 3 Hours		M.M.: 100			
Note:	Attempt all questions. All questions carry equal marks. NO SUPPLEMENTARY SHEET SHALL BE ALLOWED/PR The student must write Q.P. Code in the space provided on the T the Answer Book. Illustrate your answer with suitable diagrams.				
1.	Describe changes occurring during second week of development.	[10]			
2.	Describe microscopic anatomy of stomach.	[10]			
3.	Describe development of uterus and associated anomalies.	[10]			
4.	Describe microanatomy of ovary.	[10]			
5.	Describe autosomal dominant mode of inheritance.	[10]			
6.	Describe gene therapy.	[10]			
7.	Describe development of pancreas.	[10]			
8.	Describe spermatogenesis.	[10]			
9.	Discuss development of diaphragm along with various congenital anomalies				
10.	Discuss different staining methods of chromosomes.	[10] [10]			

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Neuroanatomy and recent advances in Anatomy [Paper-IV]

Time:	3 Hours	M.M.: 100
Note:	Attempt all questions. All questions carry equal marks. NO SUPPLEMENTARY SHEET SHALL BE ALLOWED/PR The student must write Q.P. Code in the space provided on the To the Answer Book. Illustrate your answer with suitable diagrams.	
1.	Discuss the posterior column tract along with its applied anatomy.	[10]
2.	Corpus callosum.	[10]
3.	Medial medullary syndrome.	[10]
4.	Hypoglossal nerve.	[10]
5.	T.S. of brainstem at facial colliculus. Write a note on neurobiotaxis.	
6.	Thalamic nuclei with applied aspect.	[10]
7.	Blood brain barrier and its applied importance.	[10]
8.	Enteric nervous system.	[10]
9.	Neurolucida and its applications.	[10]
10.	Blood supply of Internal capsule with applied anatomy.	[10]